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FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE
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Housatonic Valley Health District Provides Air Quality Update for Quaker Farms School: March 16-18

The Housatonic Valley Health District (HVHD) is providing an additional update regarding air quality monitoring conducted at Quaker Farms School in Oxford, including findings from testing on March 16, 17, and 18, 2026, and detailed in the Professional Cleaning and Restoration Systems CO_2 Snapshot Monitoring Log and the EnviroMed Services Indoor Air Quality (IAQ) Report (Project # IH-26-1268).

For ease of review, all CO_2 findings to date have been compiled here and here.

March 16th Carbon Dioxide (CO_2) Monitoring Results

On March 16th a total of 67 CO_2 readings were collected by Professional Cleaning and Restoration Systems. Of these readings:

- **55 readings** were below 1,100 parts per million (ppm)
- **12 readings** were above 1,100 ppm, including:
  - 4 readings between 1,100–1,200 ppm
  - 4 readings between 1,200–1,300 ppm
  - 1 reading between 1,300–1,400 ppm
  - 3 readings were above 1,400 ppm, including 1,572 ppm (the highest recorded)

Per ASHRAE Standard 62-2001, *Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality*, the difference between indoor and outdoor CO_2 concentrations should be less than 700-707 ppm. Based on the March 16th data, **thirteen readings surpassed this threshold**.

March 17th Carbon Dioxide (CO_2) Monitoring Results

On March 17th a total of 139 combined CO_2 readings were collected by Professional Cleaning and Restoration Systems and EnviroMed. Of these readings:

- **132 readings** were below 1,100 parts per million (ppm)
- **7 readings** were above 1,100 ppm, including:
  - 4 readings between 1,100–1,200 ppm
  - 1 reading between 1,200–1,300 ppm
  - 2 readings over 1,300, including 1,913 ppm (the highest recorded)

Per ASHRAE Standard 62-2001, *Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality*, the difference between indoor and outdoor CO_2 concentrations should be less than 700-707 ppm. Based on the March 17th data, **four readings surpassed this threshold**.

March 18th Carbon Dioxide (CO_2) Monitoring Results

On March 18th a total of 64 CO_2 readings were collected by Professional Cleaning and Restoration Systems. Of these readings:

- **60 readings** were below 1,100 parts per million (ppm)
- **4 readings** were above 1,100 ppm, including:
  - 1 reading between 1,100–1,200 ppm
  - 1 reading between 1,200–1,300 ppm
  - 2 reading between 1,300–1,400 ppm

Per ASHRAE Standard 62-2001, *Ventilation for Acceptable Indoor Air Quality*, the difference between indoor and outdoor CO_2 concentrations should be less than 700-707 ppm. Based on the March 18th data, **four readings surpassed this threshold**.

Regulatory and Guidance Context

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the State of Connecticut Department of Public Health (CT DPH) do not set mandatory, legally binding CO_2 limits for classrooms. Instead, the EPA recommends following ASHRAE standards, which are industry-accepted guidelines for HVAC system design, energy efficiency, and indoor air quality.

The EPA's *Reference Guide for Indoor Air Quality in Schools* notes that ASHRAE Standard 62-2001 recommends maintaining CO_2 concentrations at no more than **700-707 ppm above outdoor levels** in occupied classrooms. Importantly, this recommendation is intended to maintain ventilation sufficient "to prevent body odor levels from being offensive" and is **not a health effects threshold**.

This 700-707 differential often translates to around 1,000 ppm, however, as it is based on outdoor CO_2 concentration, it may at times be higher. This is due to the fact that outdoor CO_2 levels fluctuate based on various factors, with levels generally higher in the winter.

For additional perspective:

- An informative powerpoint presentation compiled by EnviroMed Services may be found here
- The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) permissible exposure limit for CO_2 is **5,000 ppm (0.5%)** as an 8-hour time-weighted average
- CO_2 levels above 2,000 ppm in office buildings and classrooms are not uncommon in certain conditions, though higher levels may indicate reduced ventilation effectiveness

- Although CO_2 concentrations of 400–3000 ppm typically seen in indoor environments does not pose a health hazard, there is some evidence with respect to office workers and school children that at ventilation levels leading to CO_2 concentrations above ~2000ppm for extended periods occupants may feel slightly drowsy and their cognitive performance may be decreased (https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S295036202500030X)

Please reach out to us with any questions or concerns including any reported sustained experience of headaches, dizziness, and fatigue: inbox@hvhdct.gov. If you have experienced any of these symptoms, please visit your doctor.

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